

LEGIONNAIRES' THERMOMETER KITS

- For routine water temperature monitoring
- Excellent value-for-money

Incorrect water temperature is a key risk factor for legionella growth. The legionella bacteria multiply in water at temperatures between 20 to 45 °C. A typical method of control is to store hot water above 60 °C and distribute it at above 50 °C (care must be taken to prevent scalding). Cold water should be kept below 20 °C. These kits represent excellent value-for-money and are supplied in a robust ABS carrying case/zip pouch. For a full specification on the Therma 1, see page 69.



LEGIONNAIRES' STANDARD THERMOMETER KIT

Each kit contains:

- Therma 1 thermometer (221-041)
- Waterproof surface immersion probe (323-046)
- Heavy-duty PFA wire probe (133-372)
- Zip pouch (830-037)



Order code	Description	£ each
860-885	Legionnaires' Standard kit	113.00
FREE traceable certificate of calibration included		

Bluetooth®
versions coming soon



LEGIONNAIRES' PREMIUM THERMOMETER KIT

Each kit contains:

- Therma 1 thermometer (221-041)
- Penetration probe (123-160)
- Precision ribbon surface probe (123-030)
- PFA wire probe (133-362)
- Water-resistant countdown timer (806-150)
- Box of 100 Probe Wipes (836-220)
- ABS carrying case (834-150)



Order code	Description	£ each
860-860	Legionnaires' Premium kit	169.50
FREE traceable certificate of calibration included		

LEGAL RESPONSIBILITIES FOR TESTING FOR LEGIONELLA

As an employer or the person in control of premises, it's your legal responsibility to conduct a risk assessment for exposure to legionella. The revised Approved Code of Practice (ACOP) Legionnaires' disease: Control of Legionella Bacteria in water systems (L8), issued by the Government's Health and Safety Executive (HSE), extends the guidance on controlling legionella bacteria in water systems. The code applies to all hot and cold water systems in the workplace, regardless of their capacity. While domestic systems may pose a risk, the code only applies to risks arising from work activities. However, it does include domestic landlords who have a responsibility to keep their tenants safe from health hazards. This means that all employers and landlords who manage premises with hot/cold water systems and/or wet cooling systems must identify any risk of contamination and take steps to prevent or control it.

For pricing or any further information, please contact Omni Instruments Ltd.